

Page 1 of 8 ZTC-0003

Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI, NOHSC, WHMIS & 2001/58 EC Standards

		1. PF	RODU	CT IDENTIFIC	ATION		
1.1	Product Name: MANGANESE DIOXIDE (CR TYPE) LITHIUM BATTERY						
1.2	Chemical Name: MANGANESE DIOXIDE LITHIUM BATTERY						
1.3	Synonyms: MANGANESE DI	OXIDE LITHIUM (R TYPE) BATTERY			
1.4	Trade Names: 13.05, 13.042, BAT-002-00, G808042-001, F						
1.5	Product Use: POWER SUPPL	_Y					
1.6	Manufacturer's Name: ZEBR	A TECHNOLOGIES	CORPC	DRATION			
1.7	Manufacturer's Address: 3 OV	/ERLOOK POINT,	LINCOL	NSHIRE, IL, 60069	USA		
1.8	Emergency Phone: CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (NORTH AMERICA) / + 1-703-527-3887 (INTERNATIONAL)						
1.9	Business Phone: 1-847-634-6700						
		2. H	AZAR	D IDENTIFICA	TION		
2.1							
2.2	Routes of Entry:	Inhalation:	NO	Absorption:	NO	Ingestion:	YES
2.3							
2.4	Symptoms of Overexposure: EYES: Exposure of electrolyte or lithium metal to eyes may cause severe eye irritation, possible corneal burns or eye damage. SKIN: Symptoms of skin overexposure may include redness, itching, and irritation of affected areas. The product can cause allergic skin reactions (e.g., rashes, welts, dermatitis) upon prolonged or repeated exposure.						
	Acute Health Effects: EYES: \$ affected areas. INHALATION lungs.	N: Inhalation of lith	nium con	npounds or metals	may res	ult in irritation to the	e nose, throat and
2.6	Chronic Health Effects: None deliberate destruction) may				ct with li	thium metal or its sa	lts (e.g., from
2.7	Target Organs: Eyes, skin &	respiratory system	n.				
	NA = Not Available; ND = Not Determined; NE = Not Established; C = Ceiling Limit; See Section 16 for Additional Definitions of Terms Used NOTE: all WHMIS required information is included. It is located in appropriate sections based on the ANSI Z400.1-2004 format.						



Page 2 of 8 ZTC-0003

Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI, NOHSC, WHMIS & 2001/58 EC Standards

		3. COM	POSITION	N & INGRE	DIEN	IT INFO	ORM <i>A</i>	ATION	1		
								EXPO	SURE L	MITS IN	AIR (mg/m³)
						ACGIF	1-	0	SHA - p	pm	OTHER
CH	HEMICAL	CAS	RTECS	EINECS		TL	S	Р	S	IDL	TWA-STEL
1,2-Dime	thoxyethane	110-71-4	KI145100	203-794-9	N	NE	N	N	N	NE	
ithium (Ce	IIs ≤ 1g / Batteries ≤ 2g)	7439-93-2	OJ554000	231-102-5	N	NE	N	N	N	NE	
Lithium P	Perchlorate	7791-03-9	1007733L	232-237-2	N	NE	N	N	N	NE	
Mangane	ese Dioxide	1313-13-9	OP03500	215-202-6	N	(5)	N	(5	N	NE	
Propylen	e Carbonate	108-32-7	FF965000	203-572-1	N	NE	N	N	N	NE	
				4. FIRST	AID						
4.2	EYES: If product gets in the eyes, immediately flush with copious amounts of lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Open and close eyelid(s) to ensure thorough irrigation. Seek immediate medical attention. SKIN: If irritation occurs & product is on the skin, rise thoroughly with lukewarm water, followed by a thorough washing of the affected area with plenty of soap and water. Remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear and wash thoroughly before reuse. If irritation, redness or swelling persists, seek medical attention. INHALATION: Remove victim to fresh air at once. Under extreme conditions, if breathing stops, perform artificial respiration. Seek immediate medical attention. Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: Pre-existing dermatitis, other skin conditions, and disorders of the target organs (eyes, skin, respiratory system).					norough including					
				. FIREFIG	HTIN	G					
5.1	Flashpoint & Metho	- ''									
5.2	Autoignition Tempe				,				11 11 11		T
5.3 5.4	Flammability Limits		Lower Ex	plosive Limit (LE	_):	NA	Upper	⊨xplosi\	e Limit (l	JEL):	NA
J.4	Fire & Explosion Ha If involved in a fire (e.g. lithium oxide rupture and releas skin and eye conta confined space, si	e, the chemical s, and metal co se corrosive lith act. Water appl	mpounds). Du nium hydroxide ied to ruptured	ring a fire invol e. Care should b batteries may	ving this e taken	s product, to avoid i	the bat	tery may	/ nes and		
5.5	Extinguishing Methods: Dry Chemical, Water (flooding quantities only), Class "D" Fire Extinguishers, Sand					1 0					
5.6 Firefighting Procedures: First responders should wear eye protection. Structural fire fighters must wear full protective equipment and MSHA/NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus. Chemical resistant clothing may be necessary. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk to personnel. Water spray can be used to cool fire-exposed containers. Water fog or spray can also be used by trained firefighters to disperse this product's vapors and to protect personnel. If possible, prevent runoff water from entering storm drains, bodies of water, or other environmentally sensitive areas. If necessary, rinse contaminated equipment with soapy water before returning to service.				V Y							



Page 3 of 8 ZTC-0003

Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI, NOHSC, WHMIS & 2001/58 EC Standards

MSDS Revision: 5 | MSDS Revision Date: 01/01/2019

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spills:

Before cleaning any spill or leak, individuals involved in spill cleanup must wear appropriate Personal Protective Equipment. In case of broken battery or electrolyte leakage, trained personnel using pre-planned procedures should respond to uncontrolled releases. Proper protective equipment should be used. Clear the affected area and protect people. Personal Protective Equipment should include, at protective equipment should be used. Clear the affected area and protect people. Personal Protective Equipment should include, at least, double-gloves (rubber over latex gloves) and rubber apron, splash goggles or safety glasses. Monitor the area to determine the levels of vapors before personnel are allowed into the spill area. The atmosphere must have levels lower than those listed in Section 8, (Exposure Limits and Personal Protection) and at least 19.5 percent oxygen before personnel can be allowed into the area without Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA). Absorb spilled liquid with absorbent materials suitable for strong bases. Neutralize residue with citric acid solution or other neutralizing agent for basic materials. Decontaminate the area thoroughly. Test area with litmus paper to ensure neutralization. Place all spill residue in a suitable container. Dispose of in accordance with appropriate Federal, state, provincial and local regulations.

7. HANDLING & STORAGE INFORMATION

Do not eat, drink, smoke, or apply cosmetics while handling this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling this product or containers of this product. Avoid breathing gases generated by this product. Use in a well-ventilated location. Follow specific instructions for use supplied with product.

Employees must be trained to properly use this product. Keep away from heat, sparks, and other sources of ignition. Do not allow metal objects to simultaneously contact both positive and negative terminal of battery. Do not charge in unventilated areas. Do not use organic solvents other than recommended chemical cleaners on battery. Store in a cool, dry, ventilated area away from combustible materials and away from material with which it is incompatible (see Section 10, Stability and Reactivity). Storage areas should be made of corrosion resistant materials. Post warning and "NO SMOKING" signs in storage and use areas as appropriate. Have appropriate extinguishing equipment in the storage area (i.e., sprinkler system, portable fire extinguishers). Inspect all incoming packages before storage to ensure batteries are properly labeled and not damaged.

7.3 Special Precautions:

None

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS & PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ventilation & Engineering Controls

Use with adequate ventilation (e.g., open doors and windows, local exhaust ventilation). Ensure appropriate decontamination equipment is available (e.g., sink, safety shower, eye-wash station).

Respiratory Protection:

No special respiratory protection is required under typical circumstances of use or handling. In instances where vapors or sprays of this product may be generated, and respiratory protection is needed, use only protection authorized by 29 CFR §1910.134, applicable U.S. State regulations, or the Canadian CAS Standard Z94.4-93 and applicable standards of Canadian Provinces, EC member States, or Australia [NOHSC: 2007 (1994)].

Wear protective eyewear (e.g., safety glasses with side-shield) always when handling this product. Contact lenses pose a special hazard - soft lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants.

None required under normal conditions of use.

No apron required when handling small quantities. If necessary, refer to appropriate Standards of U.S. OSHA, Canada, the European Standard CEN/TR 15419:2006, Australian Standard 3765-Clothing for Protection Against Hazardous Chemicals, New Zealand standards, or Japanese standards. If a hazard of injury to the feet exists due to falling objects, rolling objects, where objects may pierce the soles of the feet or where employee's feet may be exposed to electrical hazards, use foot protection, as described in U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.136 and the Canadian CSA Standard Z195-02, Protective Footwear.

HEALTH				1	
FLAMMABILITY				0	
REACTIVITY				0	
PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT				В	
EYES	EYES SKIN				



Page 4 of 8 ZTC-0003

Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI, NOHSC, WHMIS & 2001/58 EC Standards

		9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES				
9.1	Density:	NA NA				
9.2	Boiling Point:	NA NA				
9.3	Melting Point:	NA NA				
9.4	Evaporation Rate:	NA NA				
9.5	Vapor Pressure:	NA NA				
9.6	Molecular Weight:	NA NA				
9.7	Appearance & Color:	Solid article, sealed cylindrical (coin cell) batteries				
9.8	Odor Threshold:	NA NA				
9.9	Solubility:	NA				
).10	рН	NA NA				
).11	Viscosity:	NA NA				
.12	Other Information:	NA NA				
	1	10. STABILITY & REACTIVITY				
0.1	Stability:	itions of use (see section 7).				
10.2	Hazardous Decomposition F	Products: mposition can include produce toxic gases (e.g. carbon oxides, manganese oxides, sulfur oxides, chlorine				
0.3	Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.					
0.4	Conditions to Avoid: Exposure or contact to extreme temperatures, incompatible chemicals, sparks, open flame.					
10.5	Incompatible Substances: Strong oxidizers, chlorine, peroxides or strong acids.					
		11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION				
11.1	Toxicity Data: This product has NOT bee which are found in scientif	n tested on animals to obtain toxicology data. There are toxicology data for the components of the product, fic literature. These data have not been presented in this document.				
1.2	Acute Toxicity: See section 2.5					
1.3	Chronic Toxicity: See section 2.6					
11.4	Suspected Carcinogen: NO					
1.5	Reproductive Toxicity: NE					
	Mutagenicity:	This product is not reported to produce mutagenic effects in humans.				
	Embryotoxicity:	This product is not reported to produce embryotoxic effects in humans.				
	Teratogenicity:	This product is not reported to cause teratogenic effects in humans.				
	Reproductive Toxicity:	This product is not reported to cause reproductive effects in humans.				
1.6		s, such as deliberate destruction, may release 1,2-dimethoxymethane and propylene carbonate eries. 1,2-dimethoxyethane and propylene carbonate may cause irritation and central nervous system				
1.7	Biological Exposure Indices ACGIH Biological Exposure	re Indices (BEIs) have not been determined for the components of this product.				
11.8	Physician Recommendation Treat symptomatically.	is:				



Page 5 of 8 ZTC-0003

Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI, NOHSC, WHMIS & 2001/58 EC Standards

MSDS Revision: 5 | MSDS Revision Date: 01/01/2019

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental Stability: 12.1

12.2 Effects on Plants & Animals:

There is no specific data available for this product.

12.3 Effects on Aquatic Life:

There is no specific data available for this product. Releases of large volumes may be harmful or fatal to overexposed aquatic life. Aquatic toxicity data for components of this product are available, but are not presented in this MSDS.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste Disposal:

Perchlorate Material - Special Handling May Apply - See www.dtsc.ca.gov/hazardouswaste/perchlorate. Dispose in accordance with local, state, provincial and federal hazardous waste laws. Check with the competent authority in your area for specific guidance and advice on local battery collectors and recyclers.

13.2 Special Considerations:

Undamaged lithium batteries may be managed and disposed of as Universal Waste - Batteries. Leaking lithium batteries must be managed as U.S. EPA Characteristic Hazardous Waste: D003 (Reactivity).

United States: The Mercury-Containing and Rechargeable Battery Management Act (42 USC 14301) may be applicable to these batteries. The U.S. Federal Universal Waste Rule (40 CFR 273) may be applicable to the batteries when destined for recycling.

Canada: As of February 2007, there are no national regulations for the disposal of batteries; however, some Canadian jurisdictions have implemented collection and disposal bans targeting batteries.

European Union: Disposal of batteries is regulated by 91/157/EEC, 93/86/EEC, and 98/101/EEC. Member countries are responsible for establishing collection programs; therefore, check with the competent authority in your area for specific guidance and advice on local battery collectors and recyclers.

Japan: The Law to Promote the Efficient Usage of Resources requires all manufacturers and importers of rechargeable batteries and equipment using rechargeable batteries to establish collection and recycling systems for the batteries. The Battery Association of Japan's (BAJ) Center to Promote Rechargeable Battery Recycling promotes the collection and recycling of batteries. Australia: The requirements of the Hazardous Waste Act 1989 may be applicable to wastes of these

products.
New Zealand: Batteries are on the New Zealand Waste list.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

The basic description (ID Number, proper shipping name, hazard class & division, packing group) is shown for each mode of transportation. Additional descriptive information may be required by 49 CFR, IATA/ICAO, IMDG and the CTDGR. All Zebra lithium metal batteries and cells are tested and comply with the UN Manual of Test and Criteria, Part III, Subsection 38.3

14.1 49 CFR (GND): **UN3090**, **LITHIUM BATTERY**, **9**

EXCEPTED FROM REGULATION (EXCEPT BY AIR) PER 49 CFR §173.185(c) PACKAGES SHIPPED TO, FROM OR WITHIN THE UNITED STATES, INCLUDING ITS TERRITORIES AND POSSESSIONS, BY ANY MODE OF TRANSPORT, MUST BE MARKED "PRIMARY LITHIUM BATTERY – FORBIDDEN FOR TRANSPORT ABOARD PASSENGER AIRCRAFT" PER 49 CFR §173.185(c)

- 14.2 IATA (AIR): UN 3090, LITHIUM METAL BATTERIES, 9. CARGO AIRCRAFT ONLY. THESE BATTERIES COMPLY WITH PACKING INSTRUCTION 968 OF IATA DGR.
- 14.3 IATA (AIR): UN 3091, LITHIUM METAL BATTERIES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT, 9, IN COMPLIANCE OF PACKING INSTRUCTION 970 SECTION II (NO BATTERY MARK REQUIRED) - ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS
- 14.3 IMDG (OCN): UN 3090, LITHIUM METAL BATTERIES, 9. EXCEPTED FROM REGULATION PER IMDG **SPECIAL PROVISION 188.**
- 14.4 TDGR (Canadian GND): UN3090, LITHIUM BATTERY, 9

EXCEPTED FROM REGULATION PER TDGR SPECIAL PROVISION 188

14.5 ADR/RID (EU): UN3090, LITHIUM BATTERY, 9

EXCEPTED FROM REGULATION PER ADR/RID SPECIAL PROVISION 188

14.6 SCT (MEXICO): UN3090, LITHIUM BATTERY, 9

EXCEPTED FROM REGULATION PER SCT SPECIAL PROVISION 188



Page 6 of 8 ZTC-0003

Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI, NOHSC, WHMIS & 2001/58 EC Standards

	15. REGULATORY INFORMATION				
15.1	SARA Reporting Requirements: NA				
15.2	SARA Threshold Planning Quantity: NA				
15.3	TSCA Inventory Status: All components of this product are listed in the TSCA Inventory or are exempt.				
15.4	CERCLA Reportable Quantity (RQ): NA				
15.5	Other Federal Requirements: NA				
15.6	Other Canadian Regulations This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR. The components of this product are listed on the DSL/NDSL. None of the components of this product are listed on the Priorities Substances List.				
15.7	State Regulatory Information: The following substances are listed on the following state criteria lists: Massachusetts Hazardous Substances List (1,2,-dimethoxymethane, lithium), Pennsylvania Hazardous Substances List (1,2-dimethoxyethane, lithium).				
15.8	67/548/EEC (European Union) Requirements: The primary component of this product is listed in Annex I of EU Directive 67/548/EEC: Lithium: Xn (Harmful). R: 20/22-43- Harmful by inhalation and if swallowed. Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect. May cause sensitization by skin contact. S: 2-25 – Keep out of reach of children. Avoid contact with eyes.				
	16. OTHER INFORMATION				
16.1	Other Information: NA				
16.2	Terms & Definitions: See last pages of this MSDS.				
16.3	Disclaimer: This Material Safety Data Sheet is offered pursuant to OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR §1910.1200. Other government regulations must be reviewed for applicability to this product. To the best of ShipMate's & Zebra Technologies' knowledge, thee information contained herein is reliable and accurate as of this date; however, accuracy, suitability or completeness are not guaranteed and no warranties of any type, either expressed or implied, are provided. The information contained herein relates only to the specific product(s). If this product(s) is combined with other materials, all component properties must be considered. Data may be changed from time to time. Be sure to consult the latest edition.				
16.4	Prepared for: Zebra Technologies Corporation 3 Overlook Point Lincolnshire, IL 60069 +1 (866) 230-9494 phone +1 (847) 913-8760 fax http://www.zebra.com/ ZEBRA				
16.5	Prepared by: ShipMate, Inc. 18436 Hawthorne Boulevard, Suite 201 Torrance, CA 90504 +1 (310) 370-3600 phone +1 (310) 370- 5700 fax http://www.shipmate.com/				



Page 7 of 8 ZTC-0003

Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI, NOHSC, WHMIS & 2001/58 EC Standards

MSDS Revision: 5 | MSDS Revision Date: 01/01/2019

DEFINITIONS OF TERMS

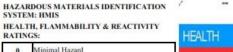
A large number of abbreviations and acronyms appear on a MSDS. Some of these that are commonly used include the following:

GENERAL INFORMATION:

CAS No.	Chemical Abstract Service Number
EXPOSUR	E LIMITS IN AIR:
ACGII	H American Conference on Governmental Industrial Hygienists
TL	V Threshold Limit Value
OSH	A U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration
PE	L Permissible Exposure Limit
IDLI	H Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health

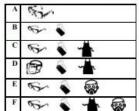
FIRST AID MEASURES:

CPR	Cardiopulmonary resuscitation - method in which a person whose heart has stopped receives manual chest compressions and breathing to circulate blood and provide oxygen to the
	body.



KALL	ius:	FIEALIN
Minimal Hazard		
1	Slight Hazard	FLAMMABILITY
2	Moderate Hazard	Indicate the control of the control
3	Severe Hazard	REACTIVITY
4	Extreme Hazard	
		PERSONAL PROTECTION

PERSONAL PROTECTION RATINGS:















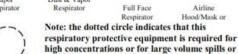


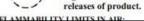






Hood/Mask or





FI AMMARII ITV	LIMITS IN AIR:
	Minimum temperature required to initiate combustion in air with no other source of ignition
	Lower Explosive Limit - lowest percent of vapor in air, by volume, that will explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source
	Upper Explosive Limit - highest percent of vapor in air, by volume, that will explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source

OTHER STANDARD ABBREVIATIONS:

NA	Not Available
NR	No Results
NE	Not Established
ND	Not Determined
ML	Maximum Limit
SCBA	Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus

NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION: NFPA HAZARD RATNGS:

0	Minimal Hazard
1	Slight Hazard
2	Moderate Hazard
3	Severe Hazard
4	Extreme Hazard
ACD	Acidic
ALK	Alkaline
COR	Corrosive
-W-	Use No Water
OX	Oxidizer



LD50	Lethal Dose (solids & liquids) which kills 50% of the exposed animals s
LC50	Lethal concentration (gases) which kills 50% of the exposed animal
ppm	Concentration expressed in parts of material per million parts
TDlo	Lowest dose to cause a symptom
TCLo	Lowest concentration to cause a symptom
TDlo, LDlo, & LDo or TC, TCo, LClo, & LCo	Lowest dose (or concentration) to cause lethal or toxic effects
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
NTP	National Toxicology Program
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
BCF	Bioconcentration Factor
TLm	Median threshold limit
log KOW or log KOC	Coefficient of Oil/Water Distribution



Page 8 of 8 ZTC-0003

Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI, NOHSC, WHMIS & 2001/58 EC

MSDS Revision: 5 MSDS Revision Date: 01/01/2019

REGULATORY INFORMATION:

CPR Canada's Controlled Product Regulations

DOT U.S. Department of Transportation

DSL Canadian Domestic Substance List

EPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

EU European Union (European Union Directive 67/548/EEC)

NDSL Canadian Non-Domestic Substance List

NOHSC Australia National Occupational Health & Safety Code

PSL Canadian Priority Substances List

TC Transport Canada

TSCA U.S. Toxic Substance Control Act

WHMIS Canadian Workplace Hazardous Material Information System

ECINFORMATION:

		M	*			×	X
С	E	F	N	0	T+	Xi	Xn
Corrosive	Explosive	Flammable	Harmful	Oxidizing	Toxic	Irritant	Harmful

WHMIS INFORMATION:

\oslash		(8)		Ţ)	®		R
Α	В	С	D1	D2	D3	E	F
Compressed	Flammable	Oxidizing	Toxic	Irritation	Infectious	Corrosive	Reactive