

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Butane - MT42B and BF10

Other means of identification

SDS number WC057

Recommended use Butane refill cylinder.

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer/Supplier Worthington Cylinder Corporation

Address 200 Old Wilson Bridge Road
Columbus, OH 43085
United States of America

Email SDSRequest@worthingtonindustries.com

Telephone 1-866-928-2657

Emergency telephone CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (USA)
1-703-527-3887 International
(CCN 24850)

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable gases Category 1
Gases under pressure Liquefied gas

Health hazards Not classified.

OSHA defined hazards Simple asphyxiant

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Extremely flammable gas. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Use only with adequate ventilation.

Response Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Storage Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) Contact with liquefied gas may cause frostbite.

Supplemental information None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Butane	106-97-8	42 - 52
Isobutane	75-28-5	23 - 33
Propane	74-98-6	20 - 30

Composition comments

Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Remove from further exposure. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. If respiratory tract irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek immediate medical assistance. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Skin contact

Not likely, due to the form of the product. If frostbite occurs, immerse affected area in warm water (not exceeding 105°F/41°C). Keep immersed for 20 to 40 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.

Eye contact

Not likely, due to the form of the product. If frostbite occurs, immediately flush eyes with plenty of warm water (not exceeding 105°F/41°C) for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms persist or occur after washing.

Ingestion

This material is a gas under normal atmospheric conditions and ingestion is unlikely.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Exposure to rapidly expanding gas or vaporizing liquid may cause frostbite ("cold burn"). Very high exposure can cause suffocation from lack of oxygen. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Asphyxiation may bring about unconsciousness without warning and so rapidly that victim may be unable to protect themselves.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing respiratory disorders. Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.

General information

First aid personnel must be aware of own risk during rescue. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Water fog. Foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Extremely flammable gas. May form explosive mixtures with air. Gas may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

Do not extinguish fires unless gas flow can be stopped safely; explosive re-ignition may occur. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. For fires involving this material, do not enter any enclosed or confined fire space without proper protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus. Stop flow of material. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and to protect personnel effecting shutoff. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapors and to protect personnel attempting to stop leak. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply.

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.

General fire hazards

Extremely flammable gas. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate the area promptly. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. In the event of a leak evacuate all personnel until ventilation can restore oxygen concentrations to safe levels. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (See Section 8).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. If possible, turn leaking containers so that gas escapes rather than liquid. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Do not smoke. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not breathe gas. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not enter storage areas or confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Oxygen concentration should not fall below 19.5 % at sea level (pO₂ = 135 mmHg). Mechanical ventilation or local exhaust ventilation may be required. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store, incinerate, or heat this material above 120 degrees Fahrenheit. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Protect cylinders from damage. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	PEL	1800 mg/m ³ 1000 ppm

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)	STEL	1000 ppm

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	1900 mg/m ³ 800 ppm
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)	TWA	1900 mg/m ³ 800 ppm
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1800 mg/m ³ 1000 ppm

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Exposure guidelines

Follow standard monitoring procedures.

Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation and minimize the risk of inhalation of gas. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Wear approved safety glasses or goggles. Face shield is recommended.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Wear cold insulating gloves.

Skin protection

Other

Wear protective clothing appropriate for the risk of exposure.

Respiratory protection

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. The type of respiratory protection selected must comply with the requirements set forth in OSHA's Respiratory Protection Standard (29 CFR 1910.134).

WARNING! Air-purifying respirators do not protect workers in oxygen deficient atmospheres.

Thermal hazards

Contact with liquefied gas might cause frostbites, in some cases with tissue damage. Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices.

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Physical state	Gas.
Form	Compressed liquefied gas.
Color	Colorless.

Odor	Butane - odorless. Isobutane - odorless. Propane - odorless.
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Odor threshold	Not available.
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pH	Not available.
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Melting point/freezing point	-216.94 °F (-138.3 °C) (Butane)
	-256 °F (-160 °C) (Isobutane)
	-305.86 °F (-187.7 °C) (Propane)

Initial boiling point and boiling range	31.1 °F (-0.5 °C) (Butane)
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11.3 °F (-11.5 °C) (Isobutane)
-43.78 °F (-42.1 °C) (Propane)

Flash point	-99.94 °F (-73.3 °C) (Butane)
	-126.4 °F (-88 °C) (Isobutane)
	-155.92 °F (-104.4 °C) (Propane)

Evaporation rate	Not available.
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Flammability (solid, gas)	Extremely flammable gas.
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Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Explosive limit - lower (%)	2.2 % v/v (Propane)
	1.9 % v/v (Butane)
	1.8 % v/v (Isobutane)

Explosive limit - upper (%)	9.5 % v/v (Propane)
	8.4 % v/v (Isobutane)
	8.4 % v/v (Butane)

Vapor pressure	0.75 MPa @(68°F/20°C) (Propane)
	0.3 MPa @(68°F/20°C) (Isobutane)
	0.21 MPa @(68°F/20°C) (Butane)

Vapor density	2.595 (Air = 1) (Isobutane)
	2.1 (Air = 1) (Butane)
	1.55 (Air = 1) (Propane)

Relative density	0.549 (Water = 1) (Butane)
	0.549 (Water = 1) (Isobutane)
	0.501 (Water = 1) (Propane)

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water)	3.25 ml/100ml @ (68°F/20°C) (Butane)
	0.007 g/100ml @ (68°F/20°C) (Propane)

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	2.89 (Butane)
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2.36 (Propane)
2.8 (Isobutane)

Auto-ignition temperature	870.98 °F (466.1 °C) (Propane)
	860 °F (460 °C) (Isobutane)
	548.6 °F (287 °C) (Butane)

Decomposition temperature	Not available.
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Viscosity	Not applicable.
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Other information

Explosive properties	Not explosive.
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Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.
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Percent volatile 100 %

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	Reacts violently with strong oxidants, nitrites, inorganic chlorides, chlorites and perchlorates causing fire and explosion hazard.
Chemical stability	Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Polymerization will not occur. May form explosive mixture with air. This product may react with oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Halogens. Nitrates.
Hazardous decomposition products	Thermal decomposition of this product can generate carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Hydrocarbons.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	High concentrations: Suffocation (asphyxiant) hazard - if allowed to accumulate to concentrations that reduce oxygen below safe breathing levels. Breathing of high concentrations may cause dizziness, light-headedness, headache, nausea and loss of coordination. Continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness.
Skin contact	Contact with liquefied gas may cause frostbite.
Eye contact	Contact with liquefied gas may cause frostbite.
Ingestion	This material is a gas under normal atmospheric conditions and ingestion is unlikely.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Exposure to rapidly expanding gas or vaporizing liquid may cause frostbite ("cold burn"). Very high exposure can cause suffocation from lack of oxygen. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Asphyxiation may bring about unconsciousness without warning and so rapidly that victim may be unable to protect himself.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Not expected to be acutely toxic.

Components	Species	Test Results
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	658 mg/l, 4 Hours
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Inhalation		
Gas		
LC50	Rat	> 80000 ppm, 15 Minutes
Skin corrosion/irritation	Not classified.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Not classified.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization		
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	
Carcinogenicity	Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity		
Not listed.		
NTP Report on Carcinogens		
Not listed.		
OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)		
Not listed.		
Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.	

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not classified.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.
Aspiration hazard	Not relevant, due to the form of the product.
Chronic effects	Exposure over a long period of time may cause central nervous system effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity	The product is not expected to be hazardous to the environment.
Persistence and degradability	Not relevant, due to the form of the product.
Bioaccumulative potential	Not relevant, due to the form of the product.
Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)	
Butane - MT42B and BF10	2.36, (Propane) 2.8, (Isobutane) 2.89, (Butane)
Mobility in soil	Not relevant, due to the form of the product.
Other adverse effects	The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Use the container until empty. Do not dispose of any non-empty container. Empty containers have residual vapor that is flammable and explosive. Cylinders should be emptied and returned to a hazardous waste collection point. Do not puncture or incinerate even when empty. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Hazardous waste code	D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 °F The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number	UN2037
UN proper shipping name	Receptacles, small, containing gas or gas cartridges (flammable)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	2.1
Packing group	-
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Packaging exceptions	306
Packaging non bulk	304
Packaging bulk	None

IATA

UN number	UN2037
UN proper shipping name	Receptacles, small, containing gas or gas cartridges (flammable)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	2.1
Packing group	-
Environmental hazards	No
ERG Code	10L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

UN number	UN2037
UN proper shipping name	RECEPTACLES, SMALL, CONTAINING GAS OR GAS CARTRIDGES (FLAMMABLE)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	-
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No
EmS	F-D, S-U
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	Listed.
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)	Listed.
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not listed.

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

All components of the mixture on the TSCA 8(b) inventory are designated "active".

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)**SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance**

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical

Yes

Classified hazard categories	Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids) Gas under pressure Simple asphyxiant Hazard not otherwise classified (HNOC)
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SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List**

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)

Not regulated.

US state regulations**US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)
 Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)
 Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)
 Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)
 Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)
 Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

California Proposition 65

WARNING: An incomplete combustion of this product during use can expose you to carbon monoxide, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.
 For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)
 Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AICIS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	08-April-2021
Revision date	09-September-2022
Version #	02
HMIS® ratings	Health: 2 Flammability: 4 Physical hazard: 3

NFPA ratings**Disclaimer**

All information in this Safety Data Sheet is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind is made with regard to the accuracy of information or the suitability of the recommendations contained herein. It is the user's responsibility to assess the safety and toxicity of this product under their own conditions of use and to comply with all applicable laws and regulations.