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# Extra Strong detergent C20

## SECTION 1: Identification

## 1.1. GHS Product identifier:

Commercial name: EXTRA STRONG DETERGENT C20

Commercial code: 0S2282

## 1.2. Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use:

Relevant uses: Detergent for automatic washing of ovens. For professional user.

Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3

## 1.3. Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party:

Electrolux Professional INC

10200 David Taylor Drive, Charlotte, NC 28262

phone 1-866-449-4200

e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet: proftechsupport@electrolux.com

## 1.4. Emergency phone number:

For urgent inquiries refer to: Carechem24 - +1 866 928 0789

## SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture:

#### 29 CFR 1910.1200:

Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with paragraph (d) of § 1910.1200.

Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage, Category 1, H318 Met. Corr. 1: Corrosive to metals, Category 1, H290 Skin Corr. 1A: Skin corrosion, Category 1A, H314

#### 2.2. Label elements:

## 29 CFR 1910.1200:

## Danger



## Hazard statements:

Met. Corr. 1: H290 - May be corrosive to metals

Skin Corr. 1A: H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

## Precautionary statements:

P280: Wear protective gloves/eye protection.

P301+P330+P331: IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310: Immediately call a poison center/doctor

P501: Dispose of the contents/containers in accordance with the current legislation on waste treatment

## Substances that contribute to the classification

Potassium hydroxide; Sodium hydroxide; Hexyl D-glucoside

#### 2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification:

Non-applicable



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## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1. Substances:

Non-applicable

#### 3.2. Mixtures:

Chemical description: Basic solution

## Components:

Remaining components are non-hazardous and/or present at amounts below reportable limits. Exact percentage values for components are proprietary in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200(i). Therefore, in accordance with Appendix D to § 1910.1200, the product contains:

Identification	Chemical name/Classification	Concentration
CAS: 1310-58-3	Potassium hydroxide Acute Tox. 4: H302; Met. Corr. 1: H290; Skin Corr. 1A: H314 - Danger	15 - <25 %
CAS: 1310-73-2	Sodium hydroxide Eye Dam. 1: H318; Met. Corr. 1: H290; Skin Corr. 1A: H314 - Danger	2,5 - <5 %
CAS: 54549-24-5	Hexyl D-glucoside Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Danger	2,5 - <5 %

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 8, 11, 12, 15 and 16.

## SECTION 4: First-aid measures

## 4.1. Description of necessary measures:

Request medical assistance immediately, showing the SDS of this product.

#### By inhalation:

This product does not contain substances classified as hazardous for inhalation, however, in case of symptoms of intoxication remove the person affected from the exposure area and provide with fresh air. Seek medical attention if the symptoms get worse or persist.

## By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

## By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Do not allow the person affected to rub or close their eyes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, as this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product.

## By ingestion/aspiration:

Request immediate medical assistance, showing the SDS of this product. Do not induce vomiting, because its expulsion from the stomach can be hazardous to the mucus of the main digestive tract, and its inhalation, to the respiratory system. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion. In the case of loss of consciousness do not administrate anything orally unless supervised by a doctor. Keep the person affected at rest.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

#### 4.3. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary:

Non-applicable



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## SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

## 5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media:

Product is non-flammable under normal conditions of storage, manipulation and use. In the case of inflammation as a result of improper manipulation, storage or use preferably use polyvalent powder extinguishers (ABC powder), in accordance with the Regulation on fire protection systems. IT IS NOT RECOMMENDED to use tap water as an extinguishing agent.

## 5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

#### 5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and individual respiratory equipment. Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...)

## Additional provisions:

As in any fire, prevent human exposure to fire, smoke, fumes or products of combustion. Only properly trained personnel should be involved in firefighting. Evacuate nonessential personnel from the fire area. Destroy any source of ignition. In case of fire, refrigerate the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to inflammation. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Evacuate the area and keep out those who do not have protection.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions:

The characteristic of corrosivity per RCRA could apply to the unused product if it becomes a waste material. The EPA hazardous waste number D002 could apply. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to evaluate whether his wastes are hazardous by characteristics or listing.

## 6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling:

A.- Precautions for safe manipulation

Comply with the current standards 29 CFR 1910 Occupational Safety and Health Standards. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

## B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Product is non-flammable under normal conditions of storage, manipulation and use. It is recommended to transfer at slow speeds to avoid the generation of electrostatic charges that can affect flammable products. Consult section 10 for information on conditions and materials that should be avoided.

## C.- Technical recommendations to prevent ergonomic and toxicological risks

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

## D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

It is recommended to have absorbent material available at close proximity to the product (See subsection 6.3)



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## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Technical measures for storage
Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated location

## B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the work environment

Identification		Environmental limits	
Sodium hydroxide	PEL-TWA		2 mg/m³
CAS: 1310-73-2	PEL-STEL		
EC: 215-185-5	Year	2018	

#### 8.2. Appropriate engineering controls:

A.- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protection Equipment. For more information on Personal Protection Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1. All information contained herein is a recommendation, the information on clothing performance must be combined with professional judgment, and a clear understanding of the clothing application, to provide the best protection to the worker. All chemical protective clothing use must be based on a hazard assessment to determine the risks for exposure to chemicals and other hazards. Conduct hazard assessments in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.132.

## B.- Respiratory protection

The use of protection equipment will be necessary if a mist forms or if the occupational exposure limits are exceeded.

## C.- Specific protection for the hands

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
	minor risks	Replace gloves in case of any sign of damage. For prolonged periods of exposure to the product for professional /industrial users, we recommend using chemical protection gloves. Use gloves in accordance with manufacturer 's use limitations and OSHA
Mandatory hand protection		standard 1910.138 (29CFR)

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application

## D.- Ocular and facial protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
	splash/projections.	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing. Use this PPE in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.133 (29CFR)



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## E.- Bodily protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
	Work clothing	Replace before any evidence of deterioration.
	Anti-slip work shoes	Replace before any evidence of deterioration.

## F.- Additional emergency measures

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Emergency measure
	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2002	<b>**</b>	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2002
Emergency shower		Eyewash stations	

Environmental exposure controls:

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

For complete information see the product datasheet.

Appearance:

Physical state at 68 °F:

Appearance:

Color

Odor:

Odour threshold:

Liquid

Transparent

Yellowish

Characteristic

Non-applicable \*

Volatility:

Boiling point at atmospheric pressure:

Vapour pressure at 68 °F:

Vapour pressure at 122 °F:

Evaporation rate at 68 °F:

212 °F

2350 Pa

12381 Pa (12 kPa)

Non-applicable \*

Product description:

Density at 68 °F: 1170 kg/m³ Relative density at 68 °F: 1.17

Dynamic viscosity at 68 °F:

Kinematic viscosity at 68 °F:

Kinematic viscosity at 104 °F:

Concentration:

Non-applicable \*

Non-applicable \*

Non-applicable \*

l:

Vapour density at 68 °F: Non-applicable \* Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 68 °F: Non-applicable \* Solubility in water at 68 °F: Non-applicable \* Solubility properties: Water-soluble Non-applicable \* Decomposition temperature: Melting point/freezing point: Non-applicable \* Non-applicable \* Explosive properties: Oxidising properties: Non-applicable \*

Flammability:

Flash Point: Non Flammable (>199.4 °F)

Flammability (solid, gas):

Autoignition temperature:

Lower flammability limit:

Upper flammability limit:

Non-applicable \*

Non-applicable \*

Non-applicable \*

**Explosive:** 

Lower explosive limit:

Upper explosive limit:

Non-applicable \*
Non-applicable \*



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#### 9.2. Other information:

Surface tension at 68 °F:

Refraction index:

Non-applicable \*

Non-applicable \*

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7.

## 10.2. Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the conditions of storage, handling and use.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

## 10.5. Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Combustive materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Precaution	Not applicable	Not applicable

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

#### Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than recommended by the occupational exposure limits, it may result in adverse effects on health depending on the means of exposure:

## A - Ingestion (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Corrosive product, if it is swallowed causes burns destroying the tissues. For more information about secondary effects from skin contact see section 2.

## B - Inhalation (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Prolonged inhalation of the product is corrosive to mucous membranes and the upper respiratory

## C - Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):

- Contact with the skin: Above all, skin contact may occur as fabrics of all thicknesses can be destroyed, resulting in burns. For more information on the secondary effects see section 2.
- Contact with the eyes: Produces serious eye damage after contact.

<sup>\*</sup>Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.



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#### D - CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):

- Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.
- Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

#### E - Sensitizing effects:

- Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
- Cutaneous: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

### F - Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

## G - Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - repeated exposure:

- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

#### H - Aspiration hazard:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

#### Other information:

Non-applicable

## Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification		Acute toxicity	Genus
Potassium hydroxide	LD50 oral	388 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 1310-58-3	LD50 dermal	> 5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	> 5 mg/L (4 h)	
Sodium hydroxide	LD50 oral	> 5000 mg/kg	
CAS: 1310-73-2	LD50 dermal	> 5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	> 5 mg/L (4 h)	
Hexyl D-glucoside	LD50 oral	> 5000 mg/kg	
CAS: 54549-24-5	LD50 dermal	> 5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	> 5 mg/L (4 h)	

## Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE mix):

	ATE mix	Ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity
Oral	2097.3 mg/kg (Calculation method)	0 %
Dermal	> 5000 mg/kg (Calculation method)	Non applicable
Inhalation	> 20 mg/L (4 h) (Calculation method)	Non applicable

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available



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## 12.1. Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial, where available):

Identification		Acute toxicity	Species	Genus
Sodium hydroxide	LC50	189 mg/L (48 h)	Leuciscus idus	Fish
CAS: 1310-73-2	EC50	33 mg/L	Crangon crangon	Crustacean
	EC50	Non-applicable		
Hexyl D-glucoside	LC50	420 mg/L (96 h)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
CAS: 54549-24-5	EC50	490 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	780 mg/L (72 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability:

Identification	Degr	adability	Biodegro	adability
Hexyl D-glucoside	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	2 mg/L
CAS: 54549-24-5	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	71 %

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:

Not available

## 12.4. Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorption/d	Absorption/desorption		
Hexyl D-glucoside CAS: 54549-24-5	Koc	8	Henry	7E-9 Pa·m³/mol
	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	No
	Surface tension	Non-applicable	Moist soil	No

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Non-applicable

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects:

Not described

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

## 13.1. Disposal methods:

## Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations. In case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-dangerous residue. We do not recommended disposal down the drain. See epigraph 6.2.

## Regulations related to waste management:

Legislation related to waste management:

40 CFR Part 261- IDENTIFICATION AND LISTING OF HAZARDOUS WASTE

## SECTION 14: Transport information

## Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to 49 CFR on the Transport of Dangerous Goods:



**14.1. UN number:** UN1719

**14.2. UN proper shipping name:** CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S. (Potassium hydroxide)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):8Labels:814.4. Packing group, if applicable:1114.5. Environmental hazard:No

14.6. Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises

Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9 **14.7. Transport in bulk**Non-applicable



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(according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):

#### Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 38-16:



**14.1. UN number:** UN1719

**14.2. UN proper shipping name:** CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S. (Potassium hydroxide)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):8Labels:814.4. Packing group, if applicable:II14.5. Environmental hazard:No

14.6. Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in

connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises

Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9 **14.7. Transport in bulk**Non-applicable

(according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):

## Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2017:



**14.1. UN number:** UN1719

**14.2. UN proper shipping name:** CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S. (Potassium hydroxide)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):8Labels:814.4. Packing group, if applicable:II14.5. Environmental hazard:No

14.6. Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in

connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises

Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9 **14.7. Transport in bulk**Non-applicable

(according to Annex II of

MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question:

SARA Title III - Toxic Chemical Release Inventory Reporting (Section 313): Non-applicable

California Proposition 65 (the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986): Non-applicable

The Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA): Potassium hydroxide; Sodium hydroxide; Hexyl D-glucoside

Massachusetts RTK - Substance List: Potassium hydroxide ; Sodium hydroxide

New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act: Potassium hydroxide; Sodium hydroxide

New York RTK - Substance list: Potassium hydroxide; Sodium hydroxide

Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law: Potassium hydroxide; Sodium hydroxide

NTP (National Toxicology Program): Non-applicable

Hazardous substances release notification under CERCLA sections 102-103 (40 CFR Part 302): Potassium hydroxide (1000 pounds); Sodium hydroxide (1000 pounds)

## Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as data used in a risk evaluation of the local circumstances in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the manipulation, use, storage and disposal of this product.

## Other legislation:

The Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

SARA Title III - Community Right-to-Know Reporting Requirements (Sections 311-312)

SARA Title III - Toxic Chemical Release Inventory Reporting (Section 313)

Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act (EPCRA) Reportable Quantities



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## SECTION 16: Other information

## Legislation related to safety data sheets:

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with Appendix d to §1910.1200 - Safety data sheets

## Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

H290: May be corrosive to metals

H318: Causes serious eye damage

H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

## Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

## 29 CFR 1910.1200:

Acute Tox. 4: H302 - Harmful if swallowed Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage Met. Corr. 1: H290 - May be corrosive to metals

Skin Corr. 1A: H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

#### Advice related to training:

Minimal training is recommended to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product, in order to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

#### Principal bibliographical sources:

Occupational Safety & Health Administration (OSHA).

#### Abbreviations and acronyms:

IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code

IATA: International Air Transport Association

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand

BCF: Bioconcentration factor

LD50: Lethal Dose 50

CL50: Lethal Concentration 50

EC50: Effective concentration 50

Log-POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon