TOMAHAWK

WELDER GENERATOR

MODEL NUMBER: TWG120A

Operation Manual



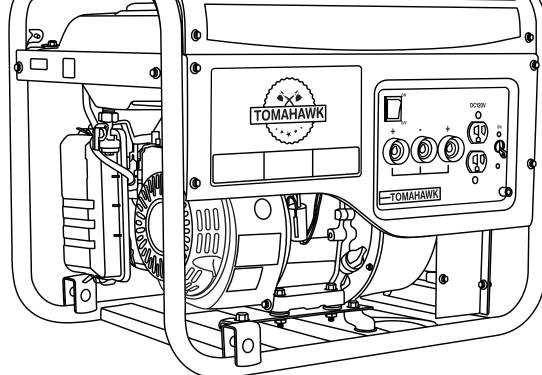










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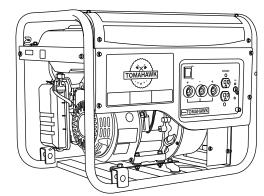
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This manual provides information and procedures to safely operate and maintain this equipment. For your own safety and protection from injury, carefully read, understand, and observe the safety instructions described in this manual.

Keep this manual or a copy of it with the equipment. If you lose this manual or need an additional copy, please contact Tomahawk Power, LLC or visit www.tomahawk-power.com
This equipment is built with user safety in mind; however, it can present hazards if improperly operated or serviced. Follow operating instructions carefully. If you have questions about operating or servicing this equipment, contact TOMAHAWK®.

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1. SAFETY INFORMATION

This manual contains DANGER, WARNING, CAUTION, and NOTE callouts which must be followed to reduce the possibility of personal injury, damage to the equipment, or improper service.



This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.



DANGER indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



WARNING indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



CAUTION indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.

1.1 Operating Safety

Familiarity and proper training are required for the safe operation of equipment! Equipment operated improperly or by untrained personnel can be dangerous! Read the operating instructions contained in both this manual and the engine manual and familiarize yourself with the location and proper use of all controls. Inexperienced operators should receive instruction from someone familiar with the equipment before being allowed to operate the machine.

- **1.1.1 NEVER** allow anyone to operate this equipment without proper training. People operating this equipment must be familiar with the risks and hazards associated with it.
- **1.1.2 ALWAYS** Be safety-conscious by dressing appropriately during operation. Always wear protective footwear, safety glasses/eyeware, and a hard hat.
- **1.1.3 NEVER** touch live electrical parts on the welder generator.
- **1.1.4 ALWAYS** wear body protection.
- **1.1.5 ALWAYS** wear dry, hole-free insulating gloves.
- **1.1.6 NEVER** touch electrode holders if you are in contact with the work, ground it directly with a separate cable.
- **1.1.7 DO NOT** start operating without completing daily maintenance checks.
- **1.1.8 DO NOT** connect more than one electrode or work cable to any single weld output terminal.
- **1.1.9 DO NOT** drape cables over your body.
- **1.1.10 DO NOT** use AC output in damp areas.
- **1.1.11 NEVER** use accessories or attachments that are not recommended by Tomahawk Power. Damage to equipment and injury to the user may result.
- **1.1.12 NEVER** leave machine running unattended.
- **1.1.13 ALWAYS** be sure operator is familiar with proper safety precautions and operation techniques before using machine.
- **1.1.14 ALWAYS** wear ANSI Z87.1-approved safety goggles or safety glasses with side shields, or when needed, a face shield. Use a dust mask in dusty work conditions. Also use non-skid safety shoes, hardhat, gloves, dust collection systems, and hearing protection when appropriate. This applies to all persons in the work area.
- **1.1.15 ALWAYS** store equipment properly when it is not being used. Equipment should be stored in a clean, dry location out of the reach of children.
- **1.1.16 DO NOT** modify or remove safety devices. DO NOT operate machine if any safety devices or guards are missing or inoperative.
- **1.1.17 ALWAYS** read, understand, and follow procedures in Operator's Manual before attempting to operate equipment

1.2 Arc Welding Safety

1.2.1 DO NOT touch live electrical parts.



DANGER Contact with live electrical parts can result in fatal shocks or severe burns. The electrode and work circuit are live whenever the output is active. The input power circuit and internal machine circuits are also live when the power is on. In wire welding, the wire, wire reel, drive roll housing, and all metal parts in contact with the welding wire are live. Equipment that is improperly installed or not properly grounded is hazardous.



WARNING Arc rays can cause burns to the eyes and skin.

- **1.2.2 ALWAYS** wear dry, hole-free insulating gloves and body protection.
- **1.2.3 ALWAYS** avoid contact with live electrical components.
- **1.2.4 ALWAYS** use dry, intact insulating gloves and appropriate body protection.
- **1.2.5 ALWAYS** isolate yourself from the workpiece and ground using dry insulating mats or covers that are large enough to prevent any physical contact with the work or ground.
- **1.2.6 DO NOT**operate AC output in wet areas, confined spaces, or if there's a risk of falling.
- **1.2.7 ONLY** use AC output if it is necessary for the welding operation.
- **1.2.8 ALWAYS** confirm the grounding of the power supply ensure the ground wire of the input power cord is properly connected to the ground terminal in the disconnect box, or that the plug is connected to a properly grounded outlet.
- **1.2.9 ALWAYS** double-check all connections, when making input connections. Always connect the proper grounding conductor first.
- **1.2.10 ALWAYS** keep cables dry, free from oil and grease, and shielded from hot metal and sparks.
- **1.2.11 ALWAYS** regularly inspect the input power cord for any damage or exposed wires replace the cord immediately if damaged exposed wires are dangerous.
- **1.2.12 ALWAYS** turn off all equipment when not in use.
- 1.2.13 DO NOT use cables that are worn, damaged, undersized, or poorly spliced.
- **1.2.14 ALWAYS** avoid draping cables over your body.

NOTE: If grounding the workpiece is necessary, ground it directly with a separate cable.

- **1.2.15 DO NOT** touch the electrode if you are in contact with the workpiece, ground, or another electrode from a different machine.
- **1.2.16 ONLY** use equipment that is in good condition. Repair or replace damaged parts immediately. Maintain the unit as per the manual.
- **1.2.17 DO NOT** touch electrode holders connected to two different welding machines simultaneously, as this will result in double open-circuit voltage.

- **1.2.18 ALWAYS** use a safety harness when working above ground level.
- **1.2.19 ALWAYS** ensure all panels and covers are securely in place.
- **1.2.20 ALWAYS** secure the work cable with good metal-to-metal contact to the workpiece or worktable as close to the weld as possible.
- **1.2.21 ALWAYS** insulate the work clamp when it is not connected to the workpiece to avoid contact with any metal object.
- **1.2.22 DO NOT** connect more than one electrode or work cable to a single weld output terminal. Disconnect cables for processes that are not in use.

NOTE: Inverter power sources retain significant DC voltage after the engine is stopped.

- **1.2.23 STOP** the engine on the inverter and discharge input capacitors.
- 1.2.24 AVOID touching hot parts with bare hands.



WARNING Hot areas. May result in burns.

- **1.2.25** Allow time for cooling before working on equipment.
- **1.2.26** Use appropriate tools and/or wear heavy, insulated welding gloves and clothing to handle hot parts and prevent burns.



WARNING Flying metal or dirt can cause eye injuries.

NOTE: Welding, chipping, wire brushing, and grinding create sparks and flying metal. Cooling welds can expel slag.

1.2.27 ALWAYS wear approved safety glasses with side shields, even under your welding helmet.



WARNING Fumes and gases can pose a serious life hazards. Welding produces hazardous fumes and gases.

- **1.2.28 ALWAYS** keep your head away from the fumes. Do not inhale the fumes.
- **1.2.29 ALWAYS** ensure proper ventilation in the workspace and/or use local forced ventilation at the arc to remove welding fumes and gases.
- 1.2.30 ALWAYS wear an approved air-supplied respirator, if ventilation is inadequate,
- **1.2.31 ONLY** work in a confined space only if it is well-ventilated or while wearing an air-supplied respirator. Always have a trained watch person nearby. Welding fumes and gases can displace air and lower oxygen levels, causing injury or death. Ensure the breathing air is safe.

- **1.2.32 AVOID** welding near degreasing, cleaning, or spraying activities.
- **1.2.33** The heat and light from the arc can interact with vapors to create highly toxic and irritating gases.
- **1.2.34 DO NOT** weld on coated metals, such as galvanized, lead, or cadmium-plated steel, unless the coating is removed from the welding area, the area is well-ventilated, and you are wearing an air-supplied respirator. The coatings and any metals containing these elements can release toxic fumes when welded.
- 1.2.35 ALWAYS turn off the compressed gas supply when not in use.
- **1.2.36 ALWAYS** ventilate confined spaces or use an approved air-supplied respirator.

NOTE: The arc rays from welding produce intense visible and invisible (ultraviolet and infrared) rays that can burn eyes and skin. Sparks are also emitted from the weld. Arc rays can cause eye and skin burns.

- **1.2.37 ALWAYS** wear an approved welding helmet with the proper shade of filter lenses to protect your face and eyes from arc rays and sparks when welding or observing. Also, wear approved safety glasses with side shields under your helmet.
- **1.2.38 ALWAYS** use protective screens or barriers to shield others from the flash, glare, and sparks; inform others not to look at the arc.



DANGER Gas build up can cause serious injury or death.

- **1.2.39 ALWAYS** wear protective clothing made from durable, flame-resistant materials (leather, heavy cotton, or wool) and appropriate foot protection.
- **1.2.40 ALWAYS** keep your hands away from the engine fan. Do not attempt to override the governor or idler by pushing on the throttle control rods while the engine is running. Electric and Magnetic Fields (EMF) May Be Hazardous

NOTE: Localized EMFs can occur. Welders with pacemakers should consult their physician before welding.

- **1.2.41 ALWAYS** keep the electrode and work cables together. Secure them with tape when possible.
- **1.2.42 NEVER** coil the electrode lead around your body.
- **1.2.43 DO NOT** position your body between the electrode and work cables. If the electrode cable is on your right side, the work cable should also be on your right side.
- **1.2.44 ALWAYS** connect the work cable to the workpiece as close as possible to the welding area.
- **1.2.45 AVOID** working near the welding power source.

1.3 Service Safety

Poorly maintained equipment can become a safety hazard! In order for the equipment to operate safely and properly over a long period of time, periodic maintenance and occasional repairs are necessary.



DANGER Using a generator indoors can be fatal within minutes. Generator exhaust contains carbon monoxide, a deadly, odorless gas.

- **1.3.2 NEVER** operate a generator inside a home or garage, even if doors and windows are open.
- **1.3.3 ONLY** use the generator outside, far from windows, doors, and vents.
- **1.3.4 ALWAYS** be aware of other generator hazards.

NOTE: The electrode and work (or ground) circuits are electrically live when the welder is on.

- **1.3.5 DO NOT** touch these live parts with bare skin or wet clothing.
- **1.3.6 ONLY** Wear dry, hole-free gloves to protect your hands.
- **1.3.7 ALWAYS** insulate yourself from the workpiece and ground using dry insulation.
- **1.3.8 ALWAYS** ensure the insulation is large enough to cover your entire contact area with the workpiece and ground.

NOTE: If welding must be performed under electrically hazardous conditions (in damp locations, wearing wet clothing, on metal structures such as floors, gratings, or scaffolds, in cramped positions such as sitting, kneeling, or lying down, or if there is a high risk of accidental contact with the workpiece or ground), use the following equipment:

- Semiautomatic DC Constant Voltage (Wire) Welder
- DC Manual (Stick) Welder
- AC Welder with Reduced Voltage Control
- **1.3.8 ALWAYS** use a safety harness to prevent falls when working above ground level, in case of electric shock.
- **1.3.10 ALWAYS** take special precautions when using compressed gases at the job site to avoid hazardous situations.
- **1.3.11 DO NOT** heat, cut, or weld tanks, drums, or containers until proper safety measures are taken to prevent the release of flammable or toxic vapors.

NOTE: Tanks, drums, or containers can explode even if they have been cleaned.

1.3.12 ALWAYS vent hollow castings or containers before heating, cutting, or welding, as they may explode.



DANGER Cylinder may explode if damaged.

NOTE: Sparks and spatter are emitted from the welding arc. Wear oil-free protective clothing such as leather gloves, a heavy shirt, cuffless trousers, high shoes, and a cap to cover your hair. Use earplugs when welding in confined spaces or out of position. Always wear safety glasses with side shields in a welding area.

- **1.3.13 ALWAYS** attach the work cable to the workpiece as close to the welding area as possible. Connecting work cables to the building framework or other locations away from the welding area increases the risk of the welding current passing through lifting chains, crane cables, or other alternate paths. This can create fire hazards or cause lifting chains or cables to overheat and fail.
- **1.3.14 DO NOT** attempt to clean or service machine while it is running.
- **1.3.15 ALWAYS** replace worn or damaged components with spare parts designed and recommended by Tomahawk Power.
- **1.3.16 ALWAYS** keep machine clean and labels legible. Replace all missing and hard-to-read labels. Labels provide important operating instructions and warn of dangers and hazards.
- **1.3.17 ALWAYS** check for damaged parts before each use. Carefully check that the equipment will operate properly and perform its intended function. Replace damaged or worn parts immediately. Never operate the buggy with a damaged part.
- **1.3.18 ALWAYS** inspect the machine prior to placing in storage and before re-use. Store the machine in a dry, secure place out of the reach of children.
- **1.3.19 ALWAYS** use only accessories that are recommended by the manufacturer for use with the machine. Accessories that may be suitable for one machine may create a risk of injury when used with the machine.

2. TECHNICAL PERFORMANCE

The Tomahawk TWG120A Generator / Welder is designed for high power and durability. Ideal for farms, construction sites, or any job that requires electrical power and CC (constant current) stick welding. Producing up to 120 Amps of DC output with a 60% duty cycle, it is suitable for welding from 6010 rods up to 7024 rods. Convenient back wheels allow for maneuverability for portable onsite welding and can also be used for emergency back-up power when necessary.

3. SPECIFICATIONS

TWG120A WELDER		
Mode	MMA and TIG	
Welding Current	40 - 120	
Rod Types	6011, 6013, 7014	
Welding Rod Length	2.0 - 3.2 mm	
Diameter	3/32 - 1/4	
Duration of Load 60%		
Connector Type	Dinse: DKJ 35-50	

TWG120A GENERATOR		
Engine TOMAHAWK		
Horsepower	7	
Voltage	120v	
Max Power	2200 Watts AC	
Rated Power	2000 Watts AC	
Generator Type Inverter (PMG)		

NOTE: Tools runs simultaneously as welding

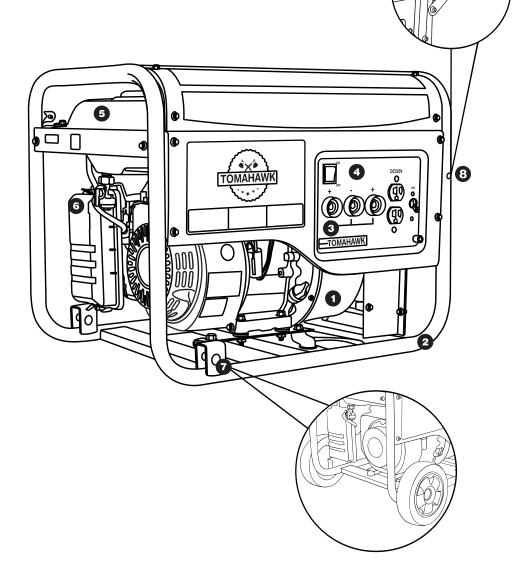
TWG120A ENGINE				
Fuel Tank Capacity 6.34 qt				
Oil Tank Capacity	0.6 qt			
Fuel Type	91+ Octane			
Oil Type	SAE10W-30			

TWG120A DIMENSIONS		
Length 20.7in.		
Width	16.9in.	
Height	19.1in.	
Weight	99.2 lbs.	

3.1 Welding Generator Parts

- 1. Engine
- 2. Generator
- 3. Welding Terminals
- 4. Control Panel

- 5. Fuel Tank
- 6. Air Filter
- 7. Wheel Kit Attachment
- 8. Handle Attachment



Tools Required

- 1. 10 mm Wrench
- 2. 13 mm Socket Wrench
- 3. 19 mm Socket Wrench
- 4. 04 mm Allen Wrench

3.2 Unpacking the Unit

Make sure to carefully remove all parts and accessories from the box. Ensure all parts listed in the manual are in the box. Do not throw away the packaging or packing material until you have inspected all parts and successfully operated the machine. Do not discard this operations manual.

If any parts are missing or damaged, please contact TOMAHAWK® customer support by email at support@tomahawk-power.com or call (866) 577-4476.

4. ASSEMBLY

4.1 Wheel and Handle Kit Assembly

4.1.1 Attach the Feet(FIGURE 1):

- Align the studs on the foot bracket assembly with the holes on the bottom of the generator frame.
- Secure in place with two hex flange nuts.
- · Repeat for the other foot bracket assembly.

4.1.2 Assemble the Wheels(FIGURE 2):

- Insert the wheel axle through the bracket on the bottom of the generator frame, secure in place with the pin.
- Slide one wheel onto a wheel axle and secure all-in place with a washer and cap nut.
- Repeat steps for the other wheel assembly.

4.1.3 Attach the Handle(FIGURE 3):

- Align the holes in the brackets on the handle with the holes on the generator frame.
- Fasten in place using a bolt and a nut, one set on each side of the handle.

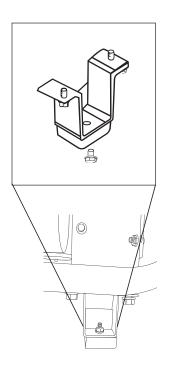
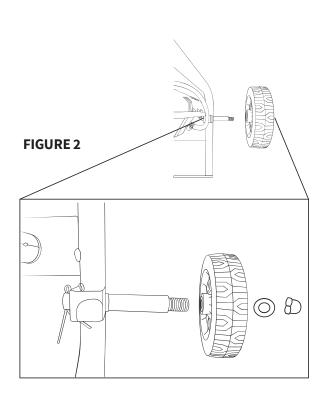


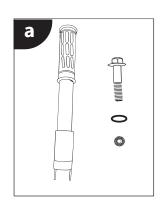
FIGURE 1

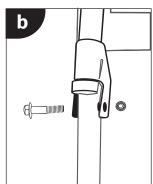


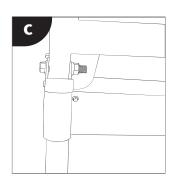
WARNING Ensure all nuts and bolts are tightened properly to avoid accidents. Do not over-tighten screws as it may strip the threads.











4.2 Cable Assembly

- **4.2.1** To connect the welding leads, begin by stripping 1" of rubber off the electrode holder cable. **FIGURE 4.**
- **4.2.2** Slide the red rubber guard over the top of the cable.
- **4.2.3** Wrap the exposed cable in a copper casing then insert into the welding plug. **FIGURE 4.**
- **4.2.4** Tighten the cable in place with a 4 mm allen wrench.
- **4.2.5** Slide up the rubber guard to snugly cover up the plug. **FIGURE 5.**
- **4.2.6** Repeat for the black rubber guard.



NOTE: Ensure both black and red rubbers are on before the plug is attached.

5.1 Oil and Fueling

5.1.1 Remove oil filter cap. Then check the dipstick. If this is your first time using the welder, fill the oil tank to the upper limit with SAE10W30 4-Stroke motor oil.**FIGURE 6.**

NOTE: The oil tank capacity on this unit is 0.6 gallons (0.56 liters). Do not overfill. **FIGURE 6.**

- **5.1.2** Reinstall oil cap securely.
- **5.1.3** Next, remove the fuel cap on top of the welder and fill to the upper level with unleaded gasoline with a pump octane rating of 86 or higher. **FIGURE 7.**

NOTE: The fuel tank capacity on this unit is 1.6 gallons (6 liters). Do not overfill.

5.1.4 Reinstall fuel cap securely.

5.2 Starting Instructions

- **5.2.1** To start the welder, disconnect any tools or appliances from the terminals or outlets.
- **5.2.2** Turn the engine switch to the ON position. **FIGURE 8.**

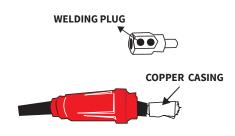


FIGURE 4

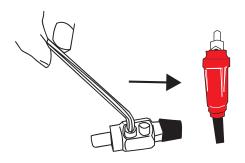


FIGURE 5



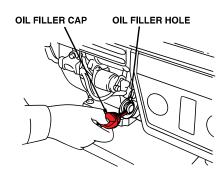


FIGURE 6

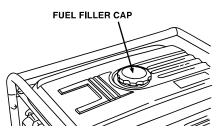
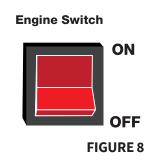


FIGURE 7

- **5.2.3** Open the fuel valve. **FIGURE 9.**
- **5.2.4** For a cold start, move the choke lever to the CLOSED position; if the engine is already warm, the choke can remain in the OPEN position.**FIGURE 10.**
- **5.2.5** Hold the top handle securely and pull the recoil starter grip until you feel resistance, then pull briskly.**FIGURE 11.**
- **5.2.6** If the choke was closed, gradually open it as the welder warms up.
- **5.1.7** Once the welder is running smoothly, connect your leads or devices to the proper outlets.

NOTE: Insert the ground lead into the negative terminal and the electrode lead into either the 80 amp positive terminal on the left or the 120 amp positive terminal on the right.



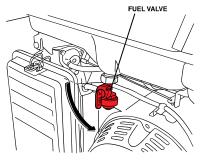
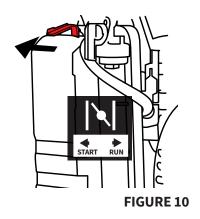
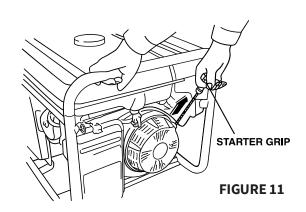


FIGURE 9





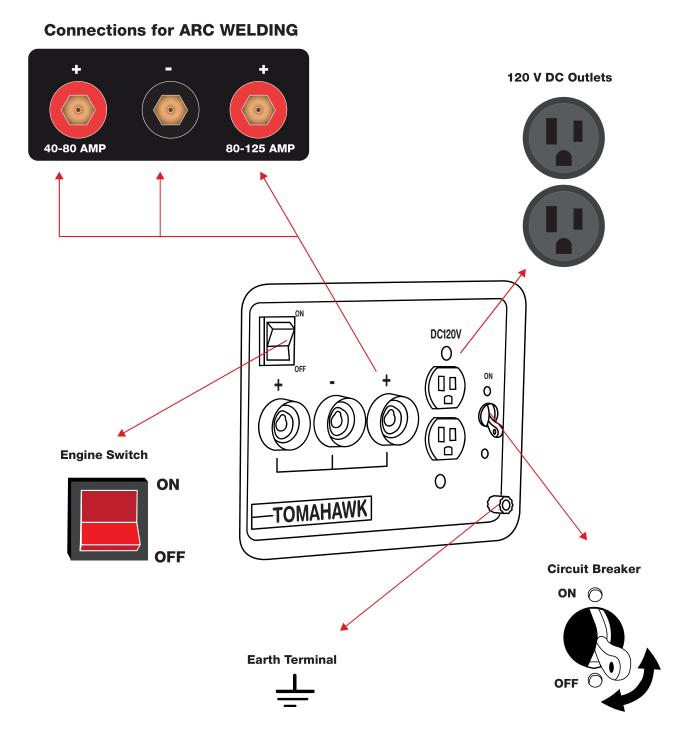
5.3 Recommended Information

RECOMMENDATIONS				
Nominal Voltage 12V				
BCI Group Size	U1			
Cold Crank Rating 195 Amperee Minimum				
Reserve Capacity 8.8 Minutes Minimum				

DIMENSIONS			
Length 197 mm (7 3/4 in) minimu			
Width	132 mm (6 3/18 in) minimum		
Height	188 mm (7 8/180 minimum		

NOTE: Turn Engine Switch to OFF. Connect Negative (-) cable last.

5.4 Welder Generator Panel Display



6. SELECTING CABLE SIZES

6.1 Weld Cable Size and Total Cable (copper) Length in Weld Circuit Not Exceeding:

100 FT OR LESS					
Welding Amperes 10-60% AWG 60-100% AWG					
100	4 (20)	4 (20)			
150	3 (30)	3 (30)			
200	3 (30)	2 (35)			
250	2 (35)	1 (50)			
300	1 (50)	1/0 (60)			

10-100% AWG							
Welding Amperes	g Amperes 150 ft 200 ft 250 ft 300 ft 350 ft 400 f						
100	4 (20)	3 (30)	2(35)	1 (50)	1/0 (60)	1/0 (60)	
150	2 (35)	1 (50)	1/0 (60)	2/0 (70)	3/0 (95)	3/0 (95)	
200	1 (50)	1/0 (60)	2/0 (70)	3/0 (95)	4/0 (120)	4/0 (120)	
250	1/0 (60)	2/0 (70)	3/0 (95)	4/0 (120)	2x2/0 (2x70)	2x2/0 (2x70)	
300	2/0 (60)	3/0 (95)	4/0 (120)	2x2/0 (2x70)	2x3/0 (2x95)	2x3/0 (2x95)	

NOTE: These charts are a general guideline and may not apply to all applications. If cables overheat, use the next larger size cable.

7. ELECTRODE SELECTION CHART

EP = Electrode Positive (Reverse Polarity)

EN = Electrode Negative (Straight Polarity)

ELECTRODE	DC	AC	POSITION	PENETRATION	USAGE
6010	EP		ALL	DEEP	MIN PREP, ROUGH HIGH SPATTER
6011	EP	Χ	ALL	DEEP	MIN PREP, ROUGH HIGH SPATTER
6013	EP, EN	Χ	ALL	LOW	GENERAL
7014	EP, EN	Χ	ALL	MED	SMOOTH EASY, FAST
7018	EP	Χ	ALL	MED	LOW HYDROGEN, STRONG
7024	EP, EN	Χ	FLAT HORIZ FILLET	LOW	SMOOTH, EASY, FASTER
NI-CL	EP	Χ	ALL	LOW	CASTIRON
308L	EP	Χ	ALL	LOW	STAINLESS

8. STORAGE

- **8.1 Clean and Inspect Thoroughly:** Clean the generator to remove any dirt and grease buildup. Inspect it for any signs of damage, such as loose bolts or frayed wires, and address these issues as needed.
- **8.2 Prepare the Fuel System:** Either drain the fuel tank and run the generator until it stops to clear any fuel from the system, or add a fuel stabilizer if it will be stored for less than six months. Always perform fuel-related tasks in a well-ventilated area to ensure safety.
- **8.3 Lubricate and Store Correctly:** Add a small amount of clean engine oil into the cylinder and pull the starter gently to distribute the oil, preventing rust and corrosion. Store the generator in a cool, dry, and well-ventilated space, such as a garage or outdoor shed.

9. WELDING 101

9.1 Stick Welding Guideline

9.1.2 Preparation

- **Safety First:** Wear your welding helmet, gloves, and fire-resistant clothing to protect yourself from sparks, UV rays, and heat.
- **Clean the Workpiece:** Use a wire brush or grinder to clean the metal surfaces you plan to weld. This ensures better weld quality.
- **Clamp the Workpiece:** Secure your metal pieces firmly using clamps to prevent movement during welding.

9.1.3 Setting Up the Welding Machine

- **Select the Electrode:** Choose an electrode suitable for the metal type and thickness, detailed in Section 7.
- Adjust the Settings: Set the welding machine to the appropriate current for your electrode and metal thickness. As a rule of thumb, use 1 amp per 0.001 inch of electrode diameter.

9.1.4 Striking the Arc

- **Hold the Electrode Holder:** Hold the electrode holder at a slight angle (10-15 degrees) to the workpiece.
- **Strike the Arc:** Tap the electrode against the metal surface as if lighting a match to initiate the arc. Once the arc is established, maintain a consistent gap between the electrode and the workpiece (about 1/8 inch).

9.1.5 Welding the Joint

- **Maintain a Steady Speed:** Move the electrode steadily along the joint, keeping the arc length consistent.
- **Control the Weld Pool:** Watch the molten pool of metal and ensure it flows smoothly into the joint.
- **Weave or Stringer Bead:** Depending on the joint type, use a weaving motion (side to side) for wider joints or a stringer bead (straight line) for narrow joints.

9.1.6 Finishing the Weld

- **Chip Off the Slag:** After completing the weld, let it cool slightly. Use a chipping hammer to remove the slag covering the weld bead.
- **Clean the Weld:** Use a wire brush to clean the weld area, ensuring no slag or debris remains.

9.1.7 Welding Tips

- **Electrode Storage:** Store electrodes in a dry place to prevent moisture absorption, which can cause welding defects.
- **Practice:** Practice on scrap metal to improve your technique before welding critical joints.
- **Inspect Welds:** Always inspect your welds for consistency, penetration, and defects.



CAUTION Weld current starts when electrodes touches work piece



CAUTION Always wear appropriate personal protective clothing.



CAUTION Weld current can damage electronic parts in vehicles. Disconnect both battery cables before welding on a vehicle. Place work clamp as close tot he weld as possible.

10. Types of Groove Welds

- **10.1 Single Groove Welds:** Applied to one side, considered complete joint penetration (CJP).**FIGURE 12.**
- **Square Groove:** Simple preparation, minimal deformation, used for thin plates.



- **V-Groove:** Easy to machine, can cause significant angular deformation, requires more welding for thicker plates.**FIGURE 13.**
- **J-Groove:** Curved single-sided bevel, less filler material, good for thick plates. **FIGURE 14.**
- **U-Groove:** Rounded sides, complex machining, reduces welding for very thick plates. **FIGURE 15.**

10.2 Double Groove Welds: Apply a weld to both sides of the one of the single grove welds joints (V,J, or U). To create a symmetrical joint preparation. Example shown in **FIGURE 16.**

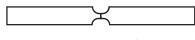


FIGURE 16

NOTE: Groove angle and Root opening: Affects weld quality and penetration.

11. WELDING TEE JOINTS

Welding tee joints involves joining two pieces of metal at a right angle to form a "T" shape.

11.1 Steps to Weld Tee Joints

11.1.2 Prepare Materials

• Clean the metal surfaces to remove impurities. Use an angle grinder to remove mill scale, dirt, and paint.

11.1.2 Position and Tack Weld

• Secure the pieces in place.

11.1.3 Lay the Bead

- Choose the appropriate welding method (stick, MIG, or TIG).
- Apply a consistent bead along the joint, ensuring proper penetration.

11.1.4 Grind and Finish

- Remove any slag or unevenness with a grinder.
- Finish the weld for a smooth appearance if necessary.

11.2 Types of Welds for Tee Joints

- **11.2.1** Fillet Weld: Common for basic joints.
- **11.2.2** Beveled Weld: Used for thicker materials for better penetration.
- **11.2.3** J-Weld: Provides additional strength with more material contact.

NOTE: Practice steady movements with the welding gun. Ensure proper alignment to avoid weak joints.

12. WELD TEST

12.1 Destructive Testing

- **Tensile Test:** Measures the weld's strength by pulling it until it breaks.
- Bend Test: Assesses ductility and the presence of defects by bending the weld.
- **The Hammer Test:** test achives this by striking the weld joint in the direction against the weld. A good weld bends over but does not break.
- Macro Etch Test: Reveals internal weld structure by etching the cross-section with acid.

12.2 Non-Destructive Testing (NDT)

- Ultrasonic Testing (UT): Uses sound waves to detect internal defects.
- Radiographic Testing (RT): X-rays or gamma rays reveal internal flaws.
- Magnetic Particle Testing (MT): Detects surface and near-surface discontinuities in ferromagnetic materials.
- **Dye Penetrant Testing (PT)**: Identifies surface cracks using a dye and developer.

GOOD WELD	POOR WELD
Fine Spatter	Significant Spatter Accumulation
Uniform Bead	Irregular, Uneven Weld Bead
Moderate Crater During Welding*	Small Crater Formation During Welding
No Overlap	Excessive Overlap
Good Penetration into Base Metal	Inadequate Penetration

13. REPLACEMENT PARTS

- **13.1** For replacement parts and technical questions visit www.tomahawk-power.com or scan the QR code on the front of this manual.
- **13.2** Not all equipment components are available for replacement. The illustrations within this manual are a convenient reference to the location and position of parts in the assembly sequence.
- **13.3** When ordering parts, the following may be required: equipment model number, serial number/lot, date code, and description. The manufacturer reserves the right to make design changes and/or improvements to equipment, parts, accessories, and manuals without notice.

14. TROUBLESHOOTING

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSES	SOLUTION
	Arc length too long.	Reduce arc length.
Porosity	Damp electrode.	Use dry electrode.
	Workpiece dirty.	Clean the work surface by removing all grease, oil, moisture, rust, paint, coatings, slag, and dirt before welding.
Excessive Spatter	Amperage too high for electrode.	Decrease amperage or select larger electrode.
	Arc length too long or voltage too high.	Reduce arc length or voltage.
	Insufficient heat input.	Ensure Wires are Connected Properly. Check That Led Is Displaying Green Light.
		Increase amperage. Select larger electrode and increase amperage.
Incomplete Fusion		Place stringer bead in proper location(s) at joint during welding.
	Improper welding technique.	Adjust work angle or widen groove to access bottom during welding.
		Momentarily hold arc on groove side walls when using weaving technique.
		Keep arc on leading edge of weld puddle.

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSES	SOLUTION
Incomplete Fusion	Workpiece dirty.	Remove all grease, oil, moisture, rust, paint, coatings, slag, and dirt from work surface before welding.
	Improper weld technique.	Select lower amperage. Use smaller electrode.
Lack of Penetration		Increase and/or maintain steady travel speed.
	Insufficient heat input.	Increase amperage. Select larger electrode and increase amperage.
		Reduce travel speed.
Excessive Penetration	Evenesive heat input	Increase and maintain a consistent travel speed.
	Excessive heat input.	Choose a lower amperage setting. Use a smaller electrode.
Burn-Through	Excessive heat input.	Increase and maintain a consistent travel speed.
	Check for faulty brushes.	·
	Open the lead in the field circuit.	
	Examine the field rectifier for issues.	
Generator out of	Test the capacitor for faults.	
power or welding not working.	Check the stator field winding for defects.	
	Inspect the rotor for any problems.	
	Clean the slip rings when they are not in use if they are dirty.	
	Workpiece is not connected.	
	Electrode holder is loose.	Contact an authorized Tomahawk Power Service
Generator power is	Loose connection at the output stud.	Center
available but unit does not weld.	No open circuit voltage at the output studs; there is an open lead in the weld circuit.	
	Malfunctioning reactor.	
Engine wone awatically	The engine is not fully warmed up, and the choke is in the fully open position.	
Engine runs erratically or stops running.	The engine requires servicing, including the head, carburetor, filters, oil, spark plug, and/or gas.	
Engine sputters but will not start.	Faulty gas, filter, air cleaner, spark plug, and/or breather.	

15. MAINTENANCE RECORD

TOMAHAWK® tools are assembled with care and will provide years of service when properly maintained. Preventative maintenance and routine service are essential to the long life of your welding generator. Adhere to reading through this manual thoroughly. You will find that you can do some of the regular maintenance yourself. However, when in need of parts or major service, be sure to contact a TOMAHAWK® Technician. For your convenience we have provided this space to record relevant data about your TOMAHAWK® equipment.

Invoice Number:	Type of Machine:	
Date Purchased:	Dealer Name:	
Serial Number:	Dealer Phone:	

REPLACEMENT PARTSUSED					MAINTENANCE LOG	
PART NO. DESCRIPTION QTY COST DATE		DATE	DATE	OPERATION		

16. EQUIPMENT WARRANTY

Your new TOMAHAWK® equipment is warranted to the original purchaser for a period of one-year (12 months) from the original date of purchase. The TOMAHAWK® warranty is against defects in design, materials and workmanship.

The following are not covered under the warranty:

- **16.1.1** Damage caused by abuse, misuse, dropping or other similar damage caused by or as a result of failure to follow assembly, operation or user maintenance instructions.
- **16.1.2** Alterations, additions or repairs carried out by persons other than TOMAHAWK® or their recognized agents.
- **16.1.3** Transportation or shipment costs to and from TOMAHAWK® or their recognized agents, for repair or assessment against a warranty claim, on any machine.
- **16.1.4** Materials and/or labor costs to renew, repair or replace components due to fair wear and tear.
- **16.1.5** TOMAHAWK® and/or their recognized agents, directors, employees or insurers will not be held liable for consequential or other damages, losses or expenses in connection with or by reason of or the inability to use the machine for any purpose.

Warranty Claims

Before submitting any warranty claim, you will need to register your new TOMAHAWK® equipment through www.tomahawk-power.com.

Follow the steps on page 3 or scan this QR codes to complete the equipment registration. After registration is complete, all warranty claims should firstly be directed to TOMAHAWK® through the online Service Request form found at www.tomahawk-power.com/pages/service-request.



17. SERVICES CENTERS

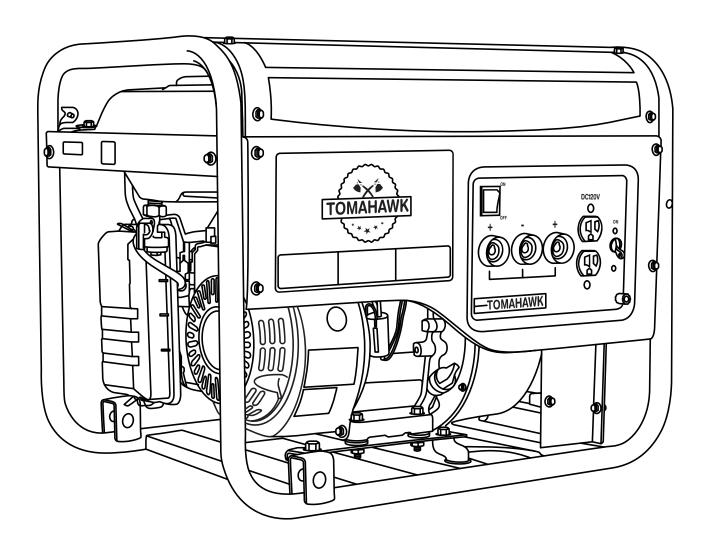
Our service centers are equipped to handle your equipment maintenance and repair needs efficiently. With a network of authorized local service locations, you can find expert support and genuine parts needed to keep your equipment running smoothly. All locations are listed on the webpage https://tomahawk-power.com/pages/find-a-service-center.

TOMAHAWK

WELDER GENERATOR

MODEL NUMBER: TWG120A

Parts Manual

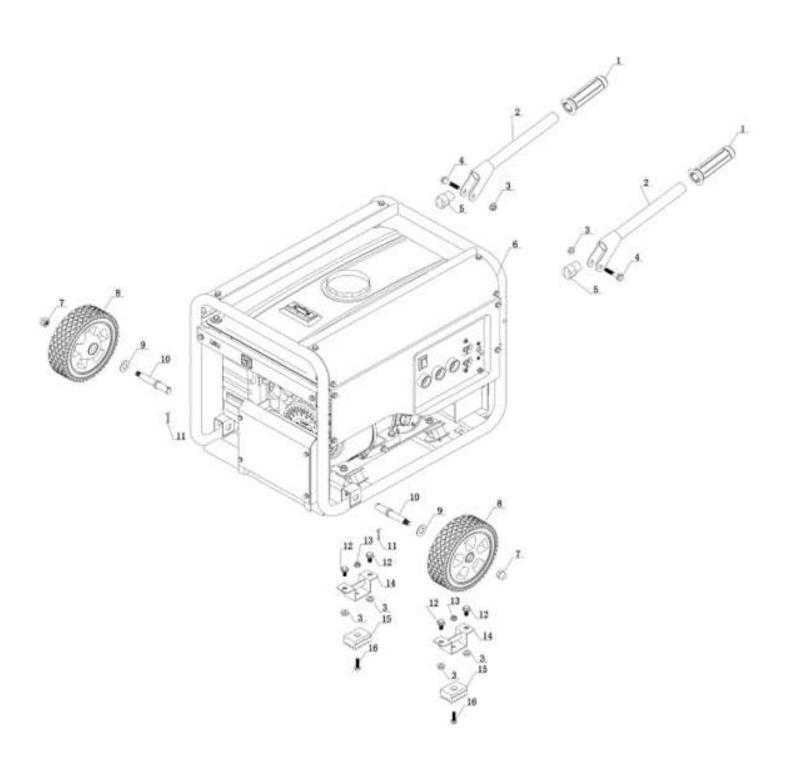


PARTS EXPLOSION B 12 12 13 15 18 2 1 2 E S

PARTS LIST

No.	Description	QTY	No.	Description	QTY
1	170F gasoline engine	1	23	Fuel tank shock-absorbing gasket	4
2	Hexagon flange nut M8	12	24	Fuel tank cap kit	1
3	Bracket	1	25	Fuel tank strainer	1
4	Hexagon flange bolt M8X35	4	26	Cross screw M5X10	2
5	Hexagon flange bolt M6X12	27	27	Fuel level indicator	1
6	Air filter bracket	1	28	Fuel tank	1
7	Muffler kit	1	29	Fuel supply switch	1
8	Motor bracket	1	30	Fuel tube clamp	2
9	Hexagon flange bolt M8X16	4	31	Fuel tube	1
10	Stator	1	32	Guard board	2
11	Hexagon flange bolt M6X40	4	33	S damping foot I	2
12	Motor rotor	1	34	S damping foot II	2
13	Motor fan	1	35	Frame	1
14	Center motor gasket	1	36	AC inverter	1
15	Spring gasket 8	1	37	Hexagon flange bolt M6X20	4
16	Center motor flange bolt	1	38	Inverter cover	1
17	Hexagon flange bolt M6X10	4	39	Control panel kit	1
18	Motor cover	1	40	Air guide seal	1
19	Hexagon flange bolt M6X8	6	41	Electric control system	1
20	Hexagon flange bolt M6X25	4	42	Controller cover	1
21	Level gasket 6X25X1	8	43	Activity crosspiece	1
22	Fuel tank positioning pin 12X12	4			

WHEEL EXPLOSION



WHEEL EXPLOSION

No.	Description	QTY
1	Handle Sleeve	2
2	Handle	2
3	Hexagon Flange Nuts M8	6
4	Hexagon Flange Bolt M8x45	2
5	Rubber Handle Spacer	2
6	Dc120 Welder Generator Kit	1
7	Hexagon Cap Nut M10	2
8	7' Plastic Solid Wheel	2
9	Level Gasket 14x28x15	2
10	Wheel Spindle	2
11	Split Pin 3x50	2
12	Hexagon Flange Bolt M8x16	4
13	Hexagon Flange Nut M6	2
14	Rack Base Plate	2
15	Square Rack Base	2
16	Hexagon Flange Bolt M6x25	2





JX60H

eJX60H



Equipment Guide







Part#:	2 *Battery Powered Option Available
	3,000 lbs/sq ft, Honda, 21"x17" Plate
TPC85H	3,200 lbs/sq ft, Honda, 23"x17" Plate
TPC90H	3,400 lbs/sq ft, Honda, 22"x20" Plate

Reverse Plate Compactors

Part#:	
TPC100H	3,500 lbs/sq ft, Honda, 19"×14" Plate
	7,000 lbs/sq ft, Honda, 28"x20" Plate
TPC400H	11,690 lbs/sq ft, Honda, 32"x22" Plate



3,350 lbs/sq ft, Honda GX100

3,350 lbs/sq ft, Honda GXE2.0S

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Concrete Coveyone	
Concrete Sprayers	

Early E	Entry Saws
Part#:	
TFS6H	6" Blade Diameter, Blade Compatibility, Honda GX120
TFS10H	10" Blade Diameter, Self Propelled, Blade Compatibility, Honda GX270/GX390

Part#:	*Battery Powered Option Available
TVSA-H	6-16 ft Magnesium Blades Honda GX35, Adjustable Handles
eTVSA	6-16 ft Magnesium Blades 36V/5 Ah Battery, Adjustable Handles

Part#: TCS6.5 Adjustable from 0-450 PSI Handles 30% + Solids,1.8 HP 2 Stroke Motor, 24" Brass Wand 0.5 GPM, Fan Nozzle Included, Spray 15,000 ft2 in 10 Minutes





4 ft, Honda GX270/GX390, 0-28° Blade Pitch

TPT46H



HAVE QUESTIONS?

30" Diameter, 4-Blade Assembly

Adjustable Blade Pitch from 0-28°

Equipment Guide



TG3000i

3,300w Max / 3,000w Rated, 120/220V, 30 AMP Twist Lock Run Time 8 Hrs @ 50% Load CARB Compliant, GFCI 120v



TG4500i TG5500i

4,500w Max / 3,800w Rated 5,500w Max / 5,000w Rated, 120/220V

Run Time 8 Hrs @ 50% Load CARB Compliant, GFCI



TG9000i

10,500w Max / 8,500w Rated

Voltage Selector, 120/220V Run Time 14.5hrs @ 25% Load

CARB Compliant, GFCI, CO Detector



Grinders and Scrapers

Part#:

TGDR10

10" Disc, 120V, 1/32" Per Pass, 11 AMP, 1.5 HP, 1,725 RPM

8" Blade, 120V, 11 AMP, 3/4 HP, TSCP8 1,725 RPM, Carpet & Tile Remover



Concrete Scarifier

Part#: TSCAR-8H

3*Battery Powered Option Available

Honda GX160 Engine, Scarifies 350 - 500ft2/hr OSHA Compliant Vacuum Port

8" Carbide Tungsten Drum Kit, 1/8" Per Pass



Floor Sweepers

Part#:

*Battery Powered Option Available

TOS38

eTOS30

38" Working Width, Triple Broom System, 14.5 Gallon

30" Working Width, Battery Powered Triple Broom System, 13.5 Gallon



Trash Water Pumps

Part#: TW3H

3" Pump, Honda GX270, 375 GPM, Elevation: 89ft, Suction: 25ft

4" Pump, Honda GX390, 581 GPM, TW4H Elevation: 92ft, Suction: 26ft



Part#: TBUGGY300e 48V-20Ah Battery

Handles up to 8 cu ft or 660 lbs. Bucket Capacity Hydraulic Bucket with 92° Tilt, 8 Hour Run Time Snow Plow Attachment & Bucket Extender Available







Power Your World

Tomahawk understands to keep a job-site running smoothly the proper equipment and spare parts are needed at the drop of a hat. With same day shipping and faster delivery times, count on Tomahawk to keep you powered throughout the day! With long lasting parts and engines, Tomahawk equipment will be the star of your fleet for years to come. Visit www.tomahawk-power.com to get started today!

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